

Activity 4

In each case make a judgement of where the student has gone wrong.

A

$$a) : 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 35x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(2x^2 + 3x - 35) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{2} \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(-35)}}{2(2)} = \frac{7}{2}, \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(-35)}}{2(2)} = -5$$

$$\text{solutions} = \frac{7}{2}, -5, 0$$

$$b) : 2(y-5)^6 + 3(y-5)^4 - 35(y-5)^2 = 0$$

$$y - 5 = 0$$

$$y = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(5-5)^6 + 3(5-5)^4 - 35(5-5)^2$$

$$\text{solutions} = 0, 5$$

B

$$a.) 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 35x = 0$$

$$x(2x^2 + 3x - 35) = 0$$

$$2x^2 + 3x - 35 = 0$$

$$~~2x^2 + 7x~~$$

$$2x^2 + 10x - 7x - 35 = 0$$

$$2x(x+5) - 7(x+5) = 0$$

$$(x+5)(2x-7) = 0$$

$$x = -5 \quad \text{or} \quad x = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$b.) (y-5)^2 = x$$

$$(y-5)^2 = -5 \quad \text{or} \quad (y-5)^2 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y(y-5) - 5(y-5) = -5 \quad \text{or} \quad y(y-5) - 5(y-5) = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y^2 - 5y - 5y + 25 = -5 \quad \text{or} \quad y^2 - 5y - 5y + 25 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y^2 - 10y + 30 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad 2y^2 - 20y + 318 = 0$$



(4)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{a} \quad 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 35x &= 0 \\
 x(2x^2 + 3x - 35) &= 0 \\
 2x^2 + 3x - 35 &= 0 \\
 2x^2 + 10x - 7x - 35 &= 0 \\
 2x(x+5) - 7(x+5) &= 0 \\
 (2x-7)(x+5) &= 0 \\
 2x=7 \quad x=-5 \\
 x=\frac{7}{2} \quad x=-5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 2(y-5)^6 + 3(y-5)^4 - 35(y-5)^2 \quad \text{let } (y-5)^2 = a$$

$$2((y-5)^2)^3 + 3((y-5)^2)^2 - 35(y-5)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2a^3 + 3a^2 - 35a &= 0 \\
 a(2a^2 + 3a - 35) &= 0 \\
 2a^2 + 3a - 35 &= 0 \\
 2a^2 + 10a - 7a - 35 &= 0 \\
 2a(a+5) - 7(a+5) &= 0 \\
 (2a-7)(a+5) &= 0 \\
 a=\frac{7}{2} \quad a=-5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{(y-5)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$y-5 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$y = +5 \pm \sqrt{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{(y-5)^2} = \sqrt{-}$$

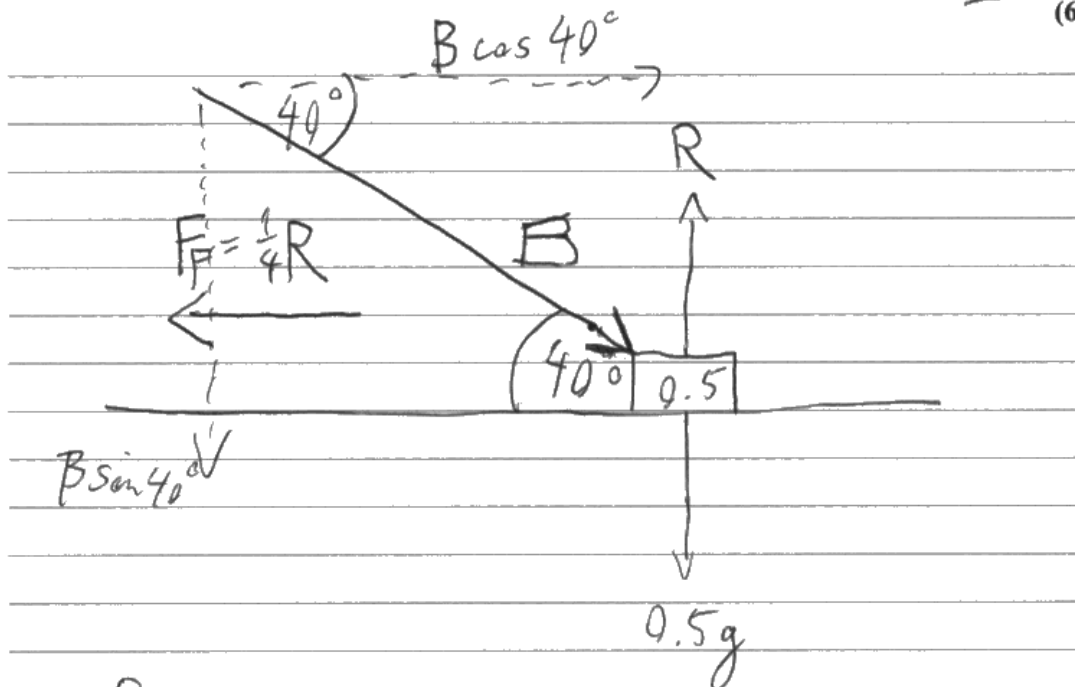
negative numbers
don't have square
root.





the force that is being applied along the incline of the stream to the stream mouth

(6)



$$a = 0$$

$$R = 0.5g + B \sin(40^\circ)$$

$$F = ma$$

$$F = 0.5 \cdot 0$$

$$F = 0$$

$$B \cos 40^\circ - \frac{1}{4}R = 0$$

$$B \cos 40^\circ = \frac{0.5g + B \sin 40^\circ}{4}$$

$$0.766 B = 1.23 + 0.161 B$$

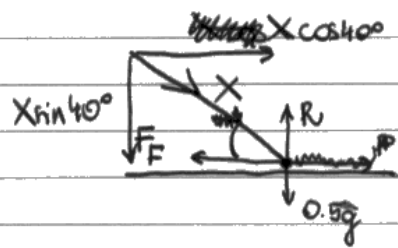
Question 2 continued

$$0.766 B = 1.23 + 0.161 B \quad (3 \text{ s.f.})$$

$$0.605 B = 1.23$$

$$\boxed{B = 2.03} \quad (3 \text{ s.f.})$$

(6)



$v = \text{const.}$

~~$R = 0.5g$~~
 ~~$F_F = 0.5g \times \frac{1}{4} = 1.225 \text{ N}$~~

$$R = 0.5g + X \sin 40^\circ$$

$$F_F = (0.5g + X \sin 40^\circ) \frac{1}{4}$$

$$X \cos 40^\circ = F_F \rightarrow \text{as } v = \text{const.}$$

$$X \cos 40^\circ = \frac{1}{4} (0.5g + X \sin 40^\circ)$$

$$4X \cos 40^\circ = 0.5g + X \sin 40^\circ$$

$$4X \cos 40^\circ - X \sin 40^\circ = 0.5g$$

$$X(4 \cos 40^\circ - \sin 40^\circ) = 0.5g$$

$$X = \frac{0.5g}{4 \cos 40^\circ - \sin 40^\circ}$$

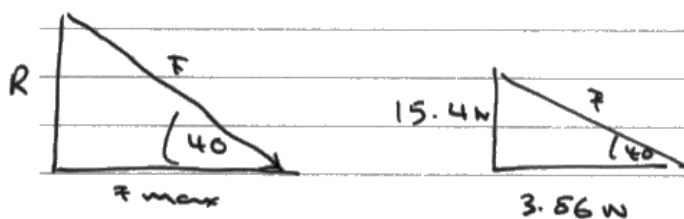
$$X = \underline{\underline{2.02 (3 \text{ sf}) \text{ N}}}$$

the force that is being applied along the handle of the broom to the broom head.

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow) \quad R - 0.5g - 0.5g \sin 40 &= 0 \\ R &= 0.5g + 0.5g \sin 40 \\ R &= 15.4 \text{ N} \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\max} &= \mu R \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \times 15.4 \\ &= 3.86 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow) \quad 0.5g \cos 40 - F_{\max} + x &= 0.5a \\ 0.5g \cos 40 - 3.86 + x &= 0.5a \\ -0.106 + x &= 0.5a \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} F &= \sqrt{3.86^2 + 15.4^2} \\ &= \underline{\underline{15.7 \text{ N}}} \end{aligned}$$